

Experimental characterization of optical feedback and current modulation effects on the spatial coherence of a semiconductor laser

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Diode lasers (electrically pumped semiconductor lasers) play a key role in photonic technologies

- Inexpensive, compact, efficient.
- Wide range of wavelengths (optical communications, biomedical applications),
- Wide range of powers (μ Ws-KWs).



But they are highly sensitive to optical perturbations.

Coherence Collapse in Single-Mode Semiconductor Lasers Due to Optical Feedback

DAAN LENSTRA, BASTIAAN H. VERBEEK, AND ARIE J. DEN BOEF

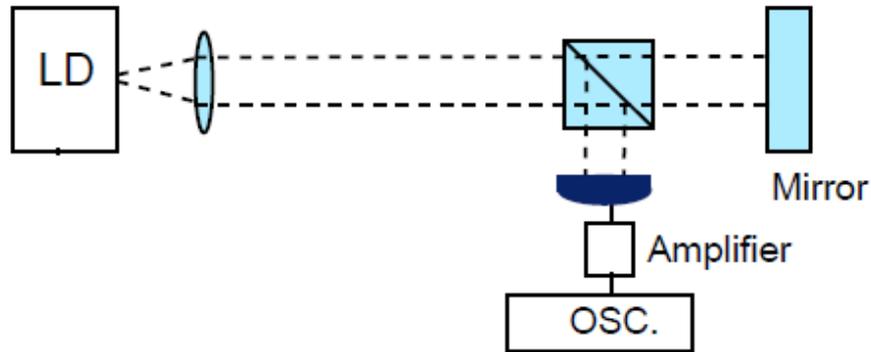
Abstract—Line broadening up to 25 GHz in a single-mode semiconductor laser with relatively strong optical feedback is reported and theoretically analyzed. Measurements of the coherence function were performed using a Michelson interferometer and demonstrate that the coherence length decreases by a factor 1000 (to approximately 10 mm) due to optical feedback. A self-consistent theoretical description is given, which is based on the view that coherence collapse is maintained due to optical-feedback-delay effects, in which quantum fluctuations play no role of importance. A connection with recently suggested chaotic behavior is made. The theoretical results obtained are in good qualitative and reasonable quantitative agreement with measurements.

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Effects of optical feedback on semiconductor lasers

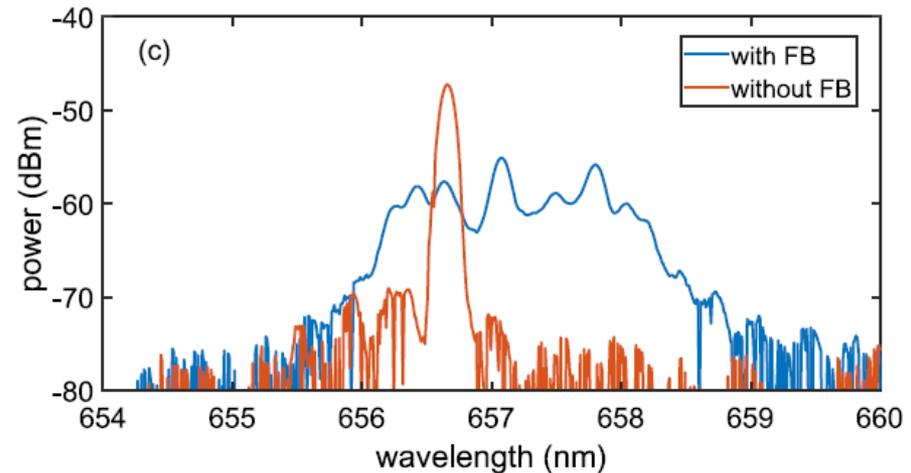
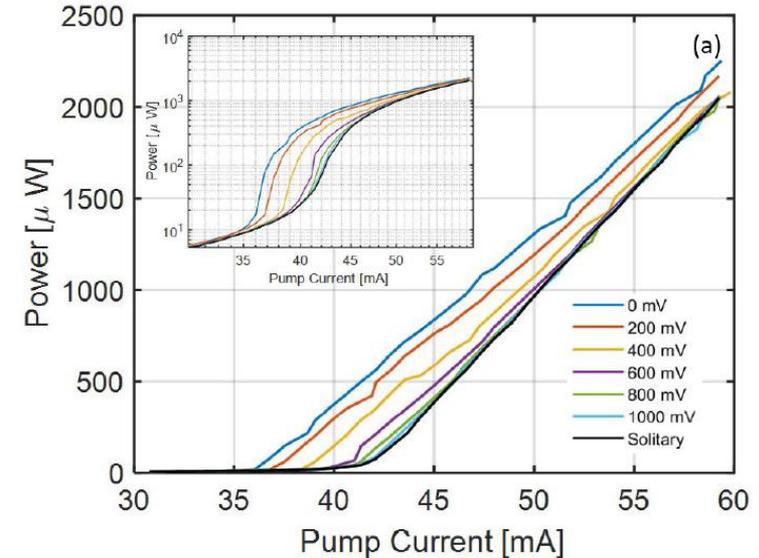


Well known:

- reduce the laser threshold
- narrow its linewidth

But also

- Induce chaotic dynamics and broad-band emission



As the laser pump current increases, how a noisy output turns into a chaotic output?

Quantitative identification of dynamical transitions in a semiconductor laser with optical feedback

Carlos Quintero, Jordi Tiana-Alsina, Jordi Roma,
M. Carme Torrent, and Cristina Masoller.

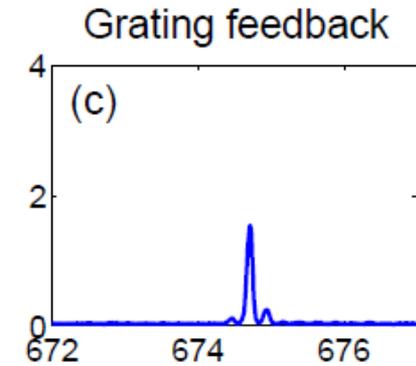
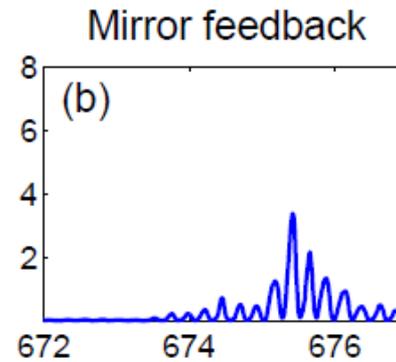
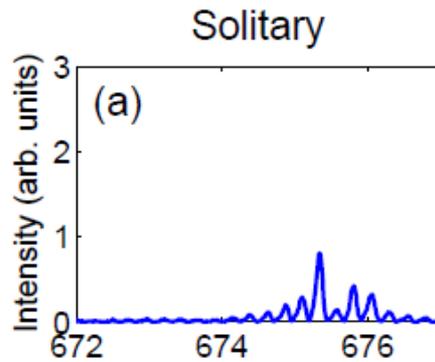


Grup de Recerca en Dinàmica No Lineal, Òptica No Lineal i Làsers
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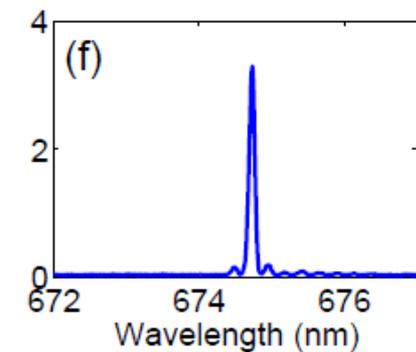
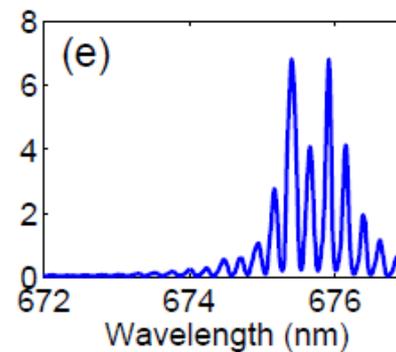
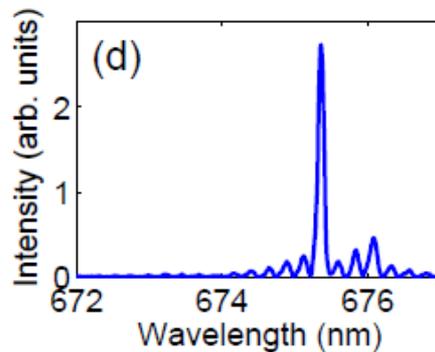
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Optical feedback excites additional modes

Close to
threshold



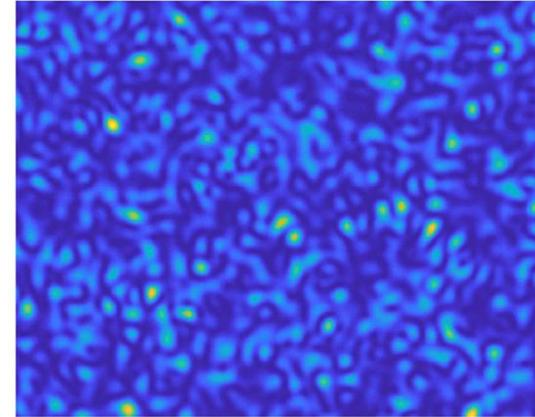
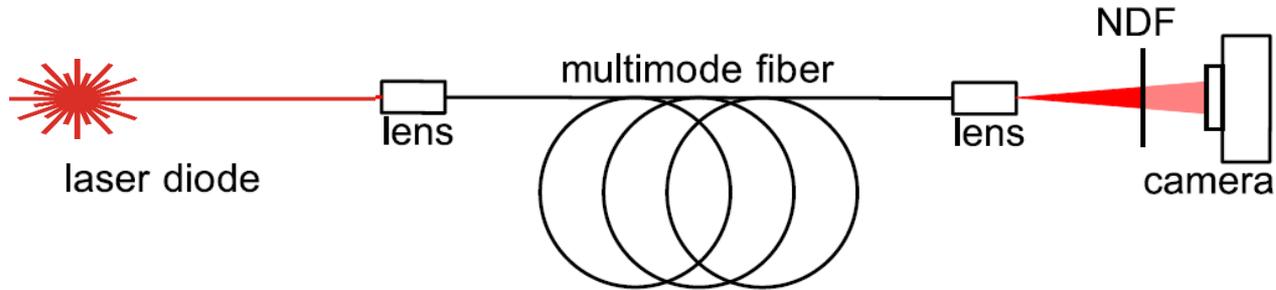
Above
threshold



Andres Aragoneses PhD thesis (UPC 2014).

Optical feedback effects on the *spatial coherence*?

Speckle pattern: generated by interference / scattering of coherent waves



Many applications. Two main types

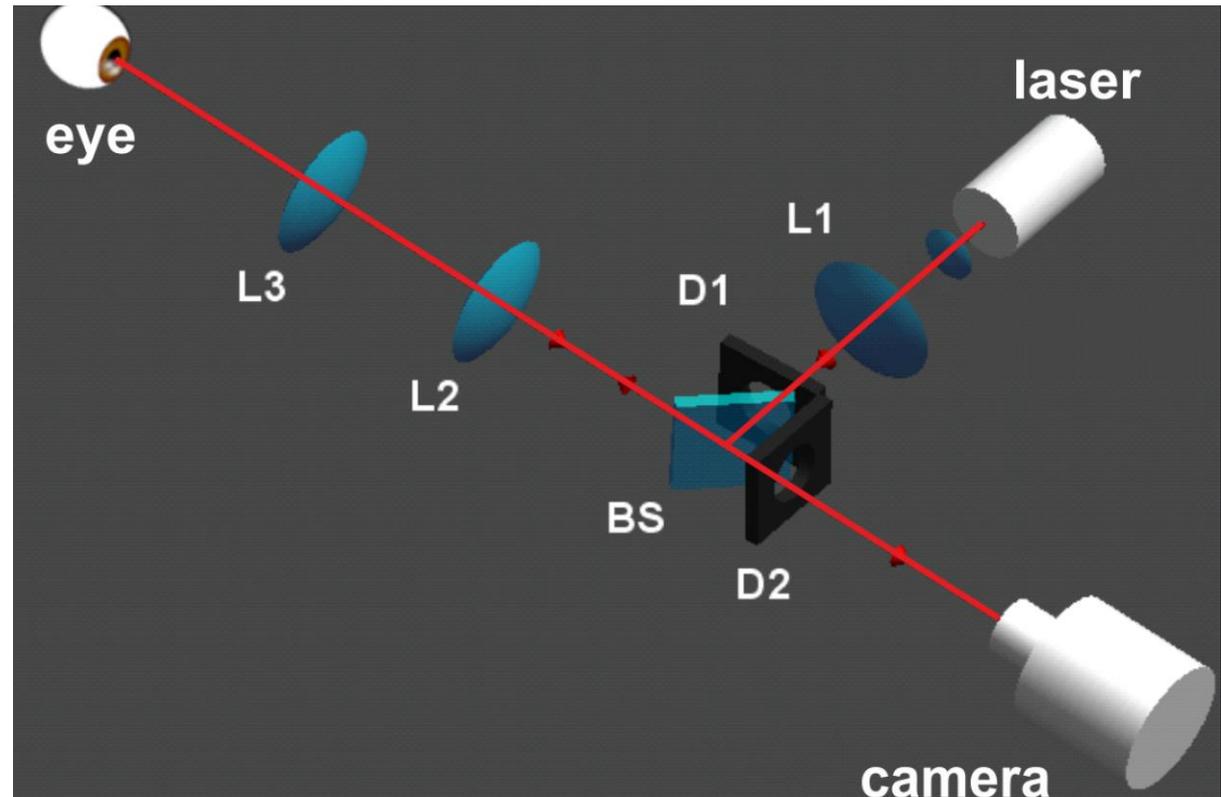
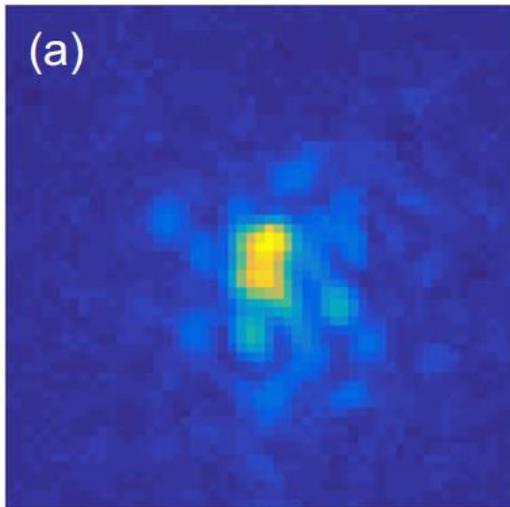
- Extract information of the light (wavemeters)
- Extract information of the medium that generates the speckle (speckle-based spectroscopy)

But

Speckle is a drawback in laser-based illumination and imaging applications.

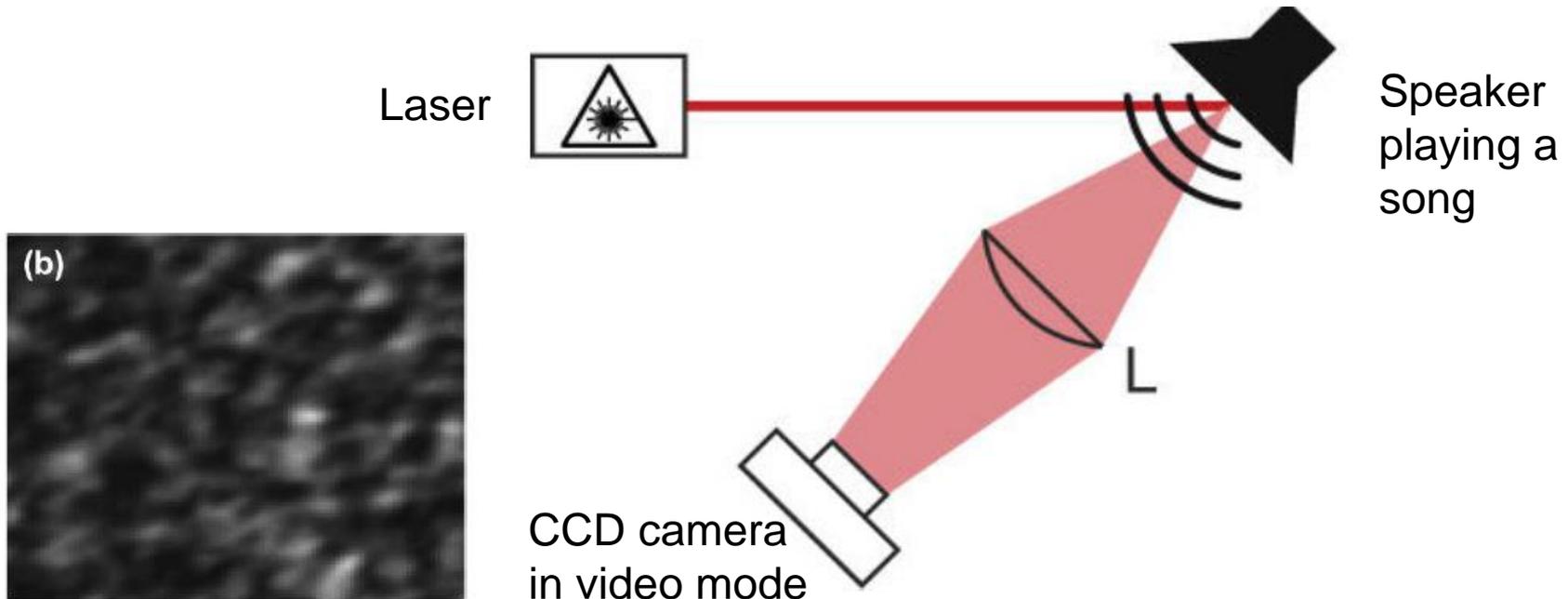
Speckle reduction in double-pass retinal imaging system (quantifies the optical quality of the eye by measuring its point spread function)

Problem:
The retina reflectivity is about 4%



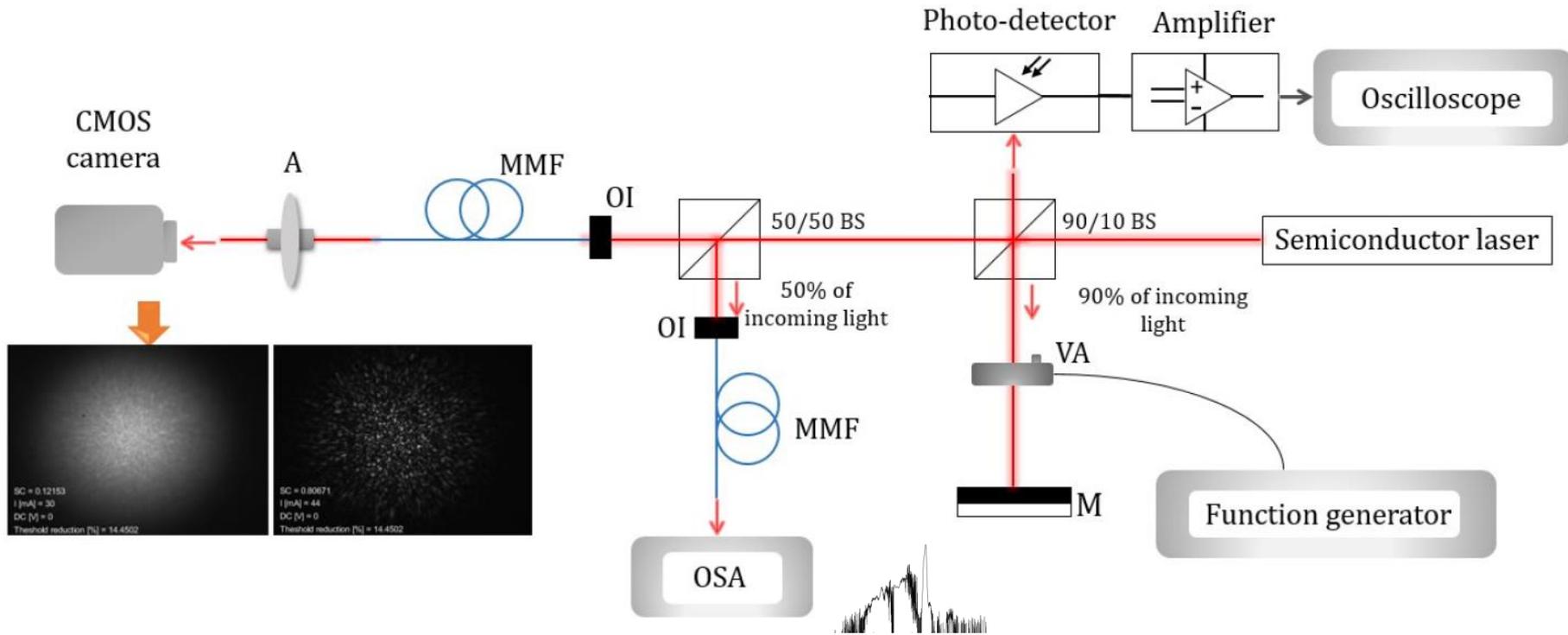
D. Halpaap, C. E. Garcia-Guerra, M. Vilaseca, C. Masoller, “*Speckle reduction in double-pass retinal images*”, *Sci. Rep.* 9, 4469 (2019).

Example of extracting information from speckles: Recovery of audio signals from silent videos of speckles



C. Barcellona, D. Halpaap, P. Amil, A. Buscarino, L. Fortuna, J. Tiana, C. Masoller, "Remote recovery of audio signals from videos of optical speckle patterns: a comparative study of signal recovery algorithms", *Opt. Exp.* 28, 8716 (2020).

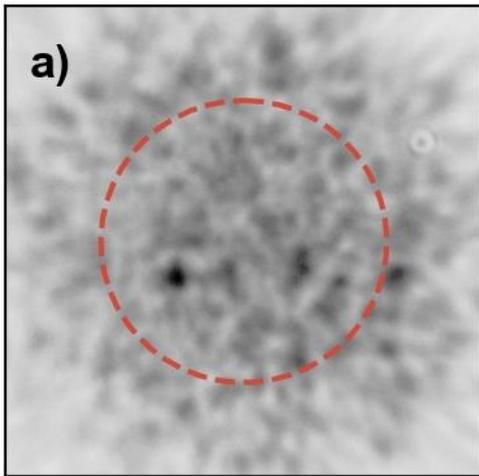
Experimental setup for studying the effect of optical feedback on the speckle pattern generated by a multimode laser



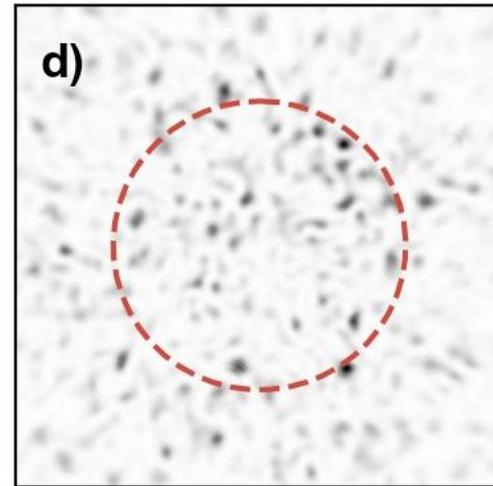
M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, "Abrupt transition from low-coherence to high-coherence radiation in a semiconductor laser with optical feedback," *Opt. Exp.* 31, 3857 (2023).

Examples of speckle images

Below threshold

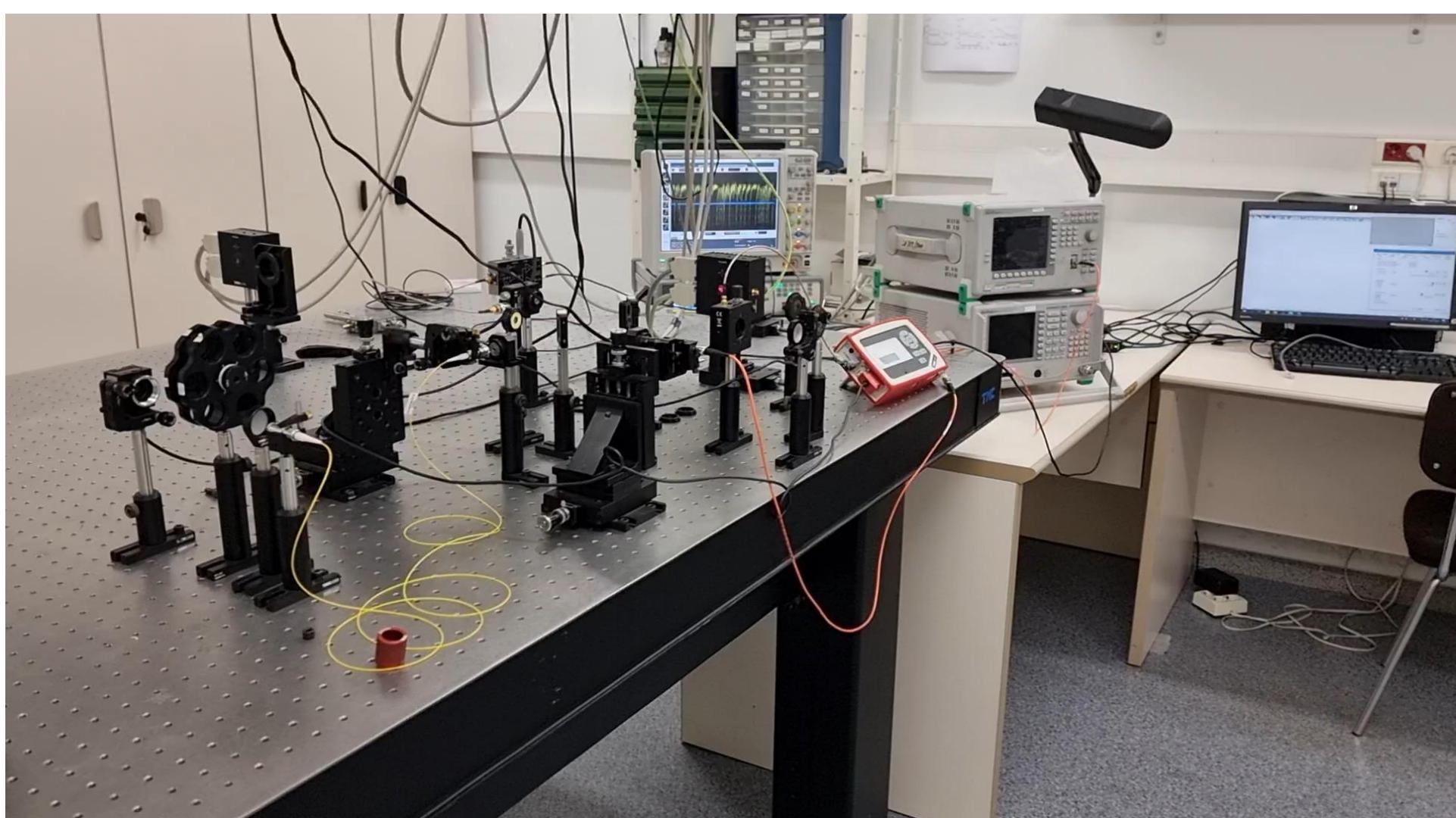


Above threshold



Quantification of speckle contrast: $SC = \sigma / \langle I \rangle$

Three different diffusive media are used to generate speckle:
Multimode fiber --- Multimode fiber and diffuser --- Single mode fiber and diffuser

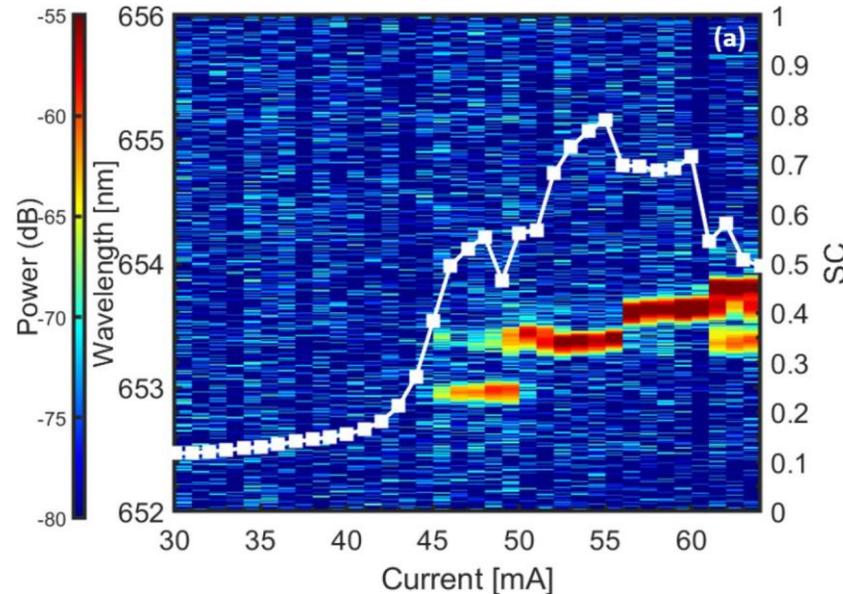


Spectral & speckle analysis, speckle generated by a MM fiber

Speckle contrast (white) $SC = \sigma / \langle I \rangle$

Color code:
optical spectrum

Solitary laser (no feedback)



High spectral coherence \Leftrightarrow high speckle contrast

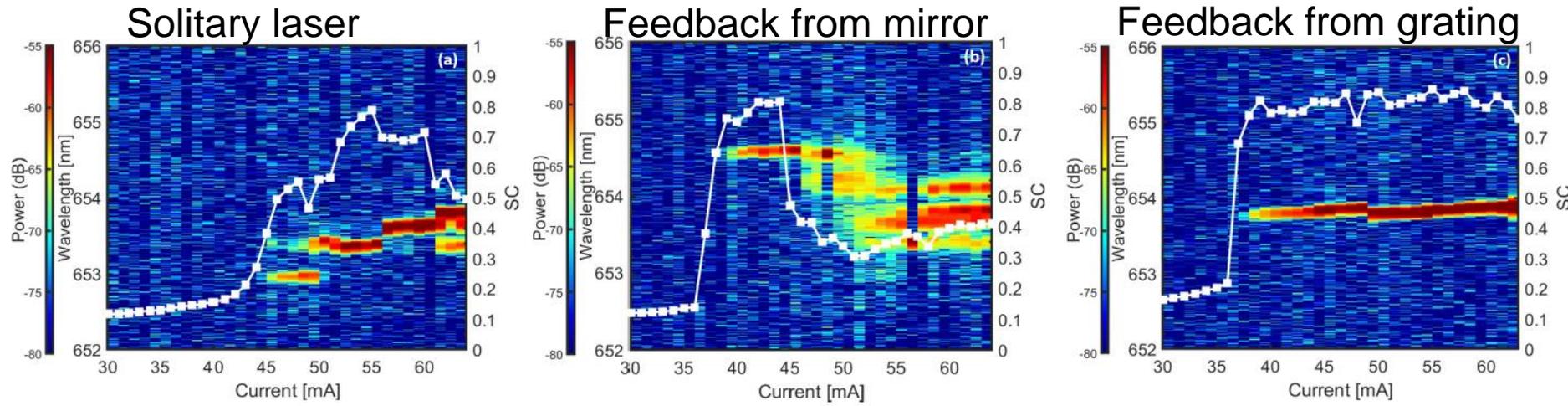
Low spectral coherence \Leftrightarrow low speckle contrast

M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, Opt. Exp. 31, 3857 (2023)

Spectral & speckle analysis, speckle generated by a MM fiber

Speckle contrast (white) $SC = \sigma / \langle I \rangle$

Color code:
optical spectrum



High spectral coherence \Leftrightarrow high speckle contrast
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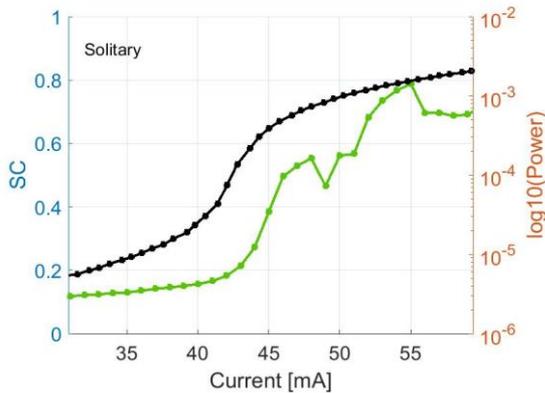
M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, Opt. Exp. 31, 3857 (2023)

Speckle contrast and L-I curves

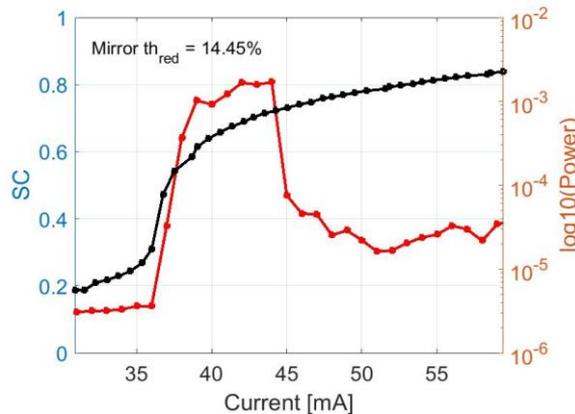
L-I curves: black, log scale

Speckle contrast curves (color) $SC = \sigma/\langle I \rangle$

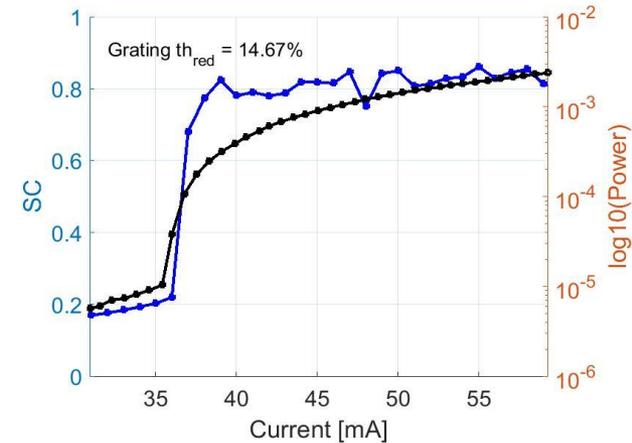
Solitary laser



Feedback from mirror



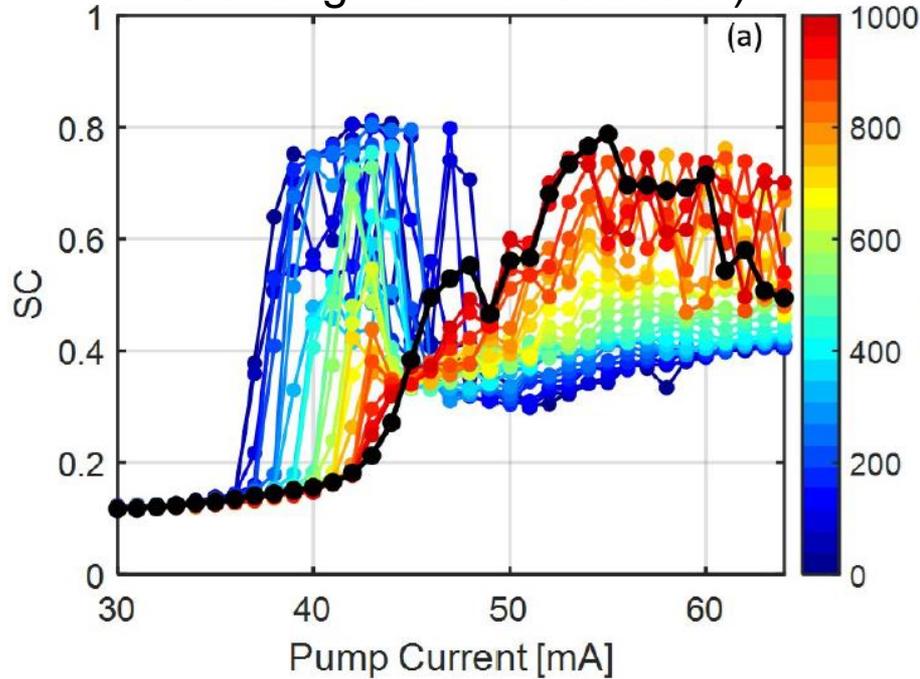
Feedback from grating



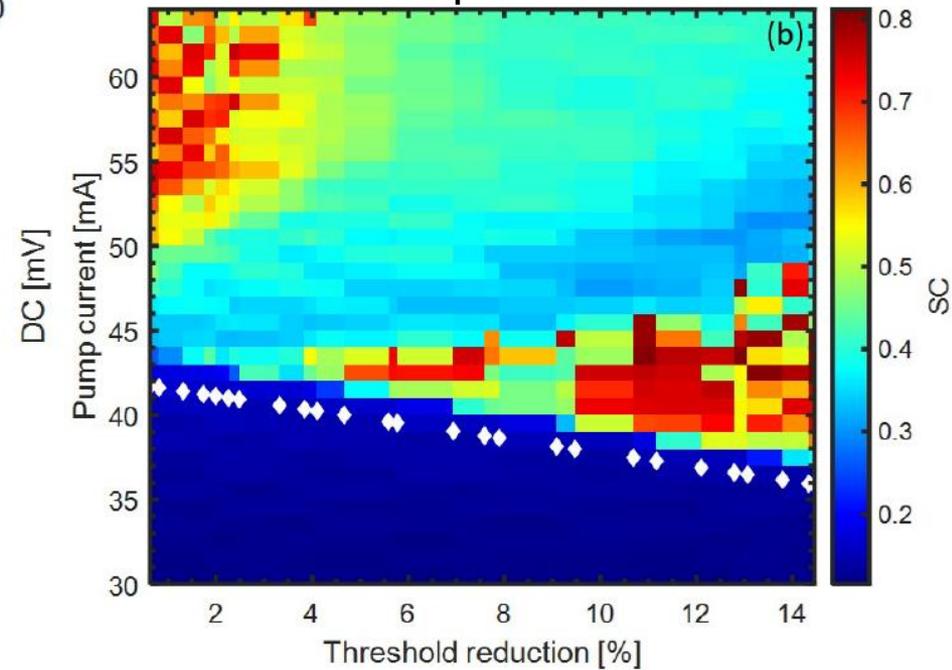
M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, Opt. Exp. 31, 3857 (2023)

Influence of the feedback strength

Color code: voltage in the variable attenuator (mV, controls the strength of the feedback)

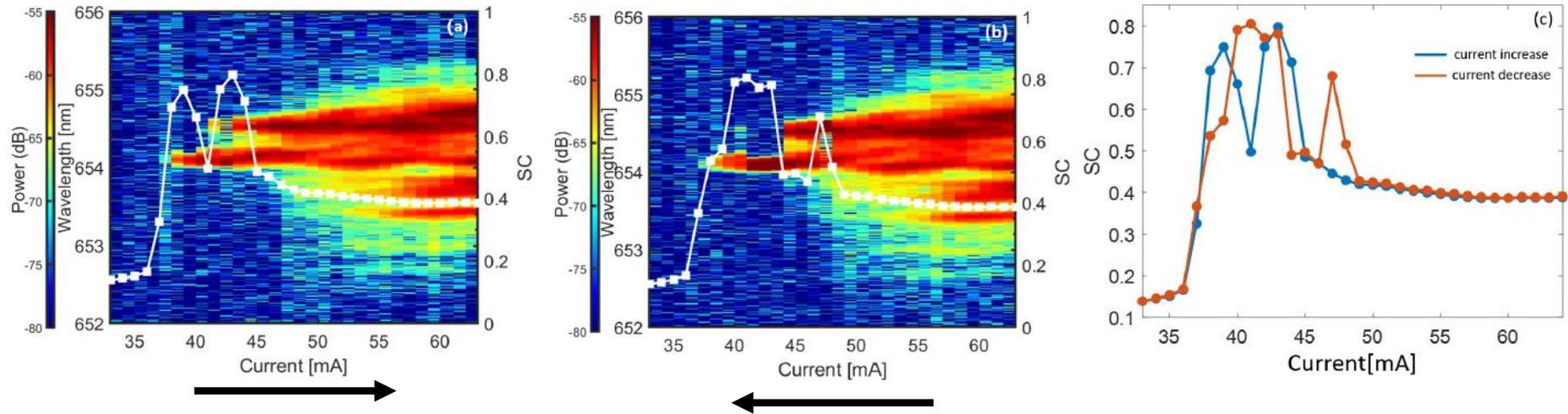


Color code: speckle contrast



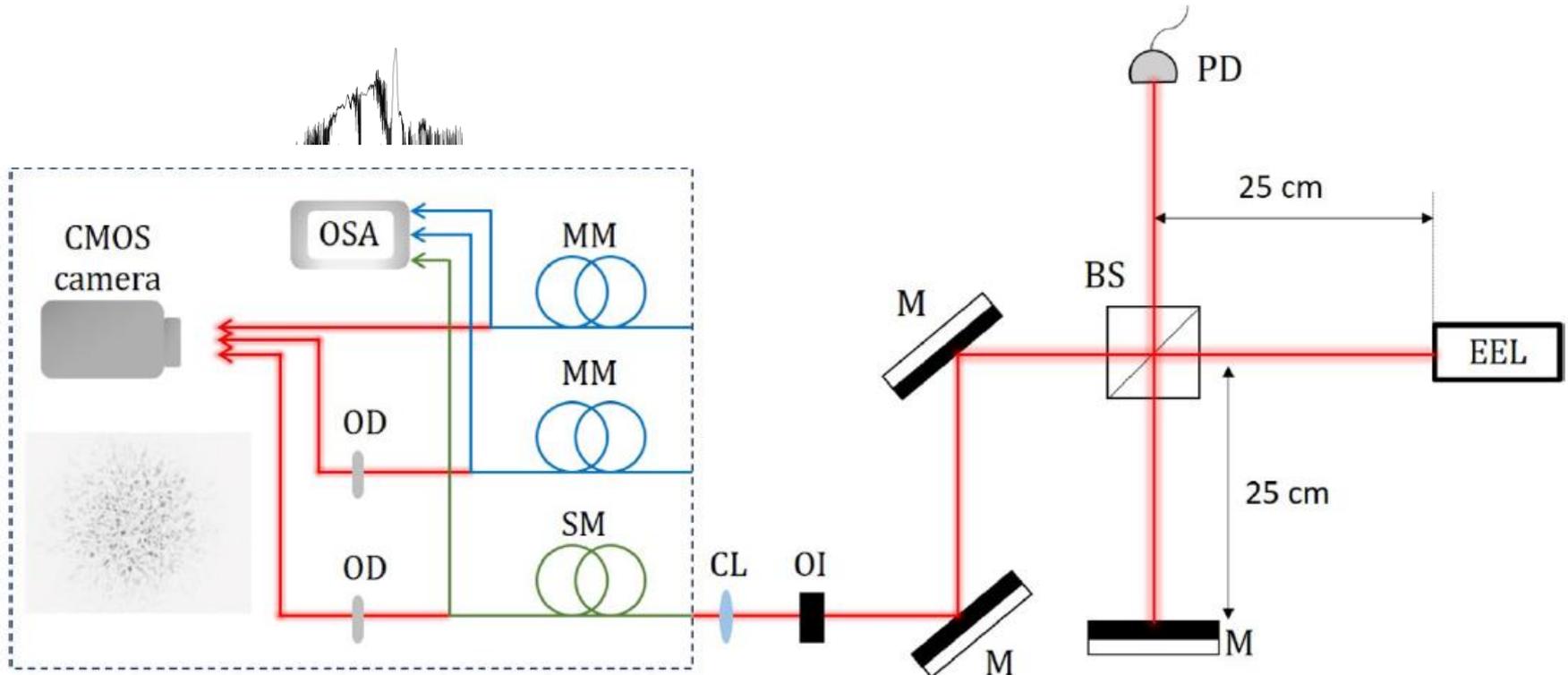
M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, Opt. Exp. 31, 3857 (2023)

Hysteresis?



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Role of the medium that generates the speckle pattern?



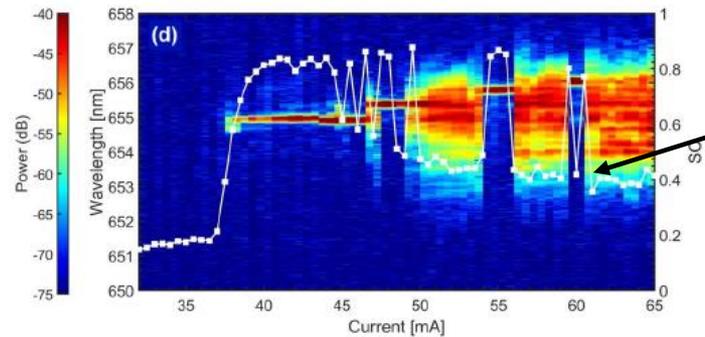
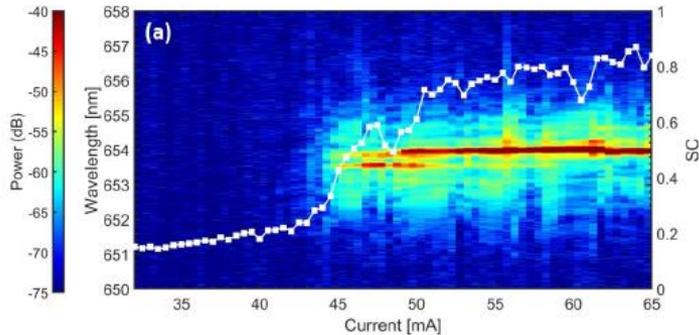
M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, "Experimental study of spatial and temporal coherence in a semiconductor laser with optical feedback," Optics Express 31, 21954 (2023)

Comparison: multimode fiber, MM fiber and diffuser, single-mode fiber and diffuser

Solitary laser

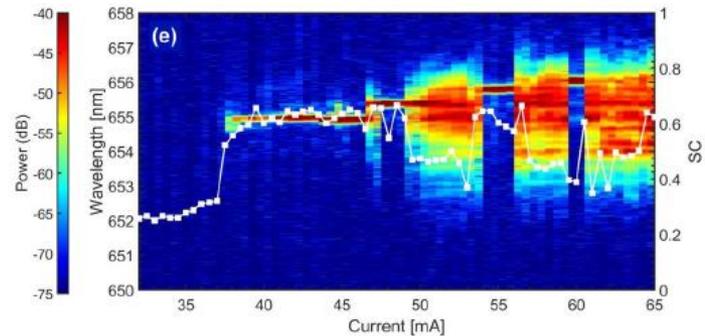
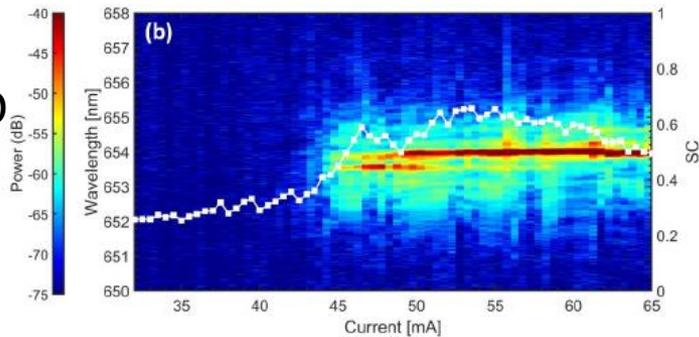
Laser with optical feedback

MM

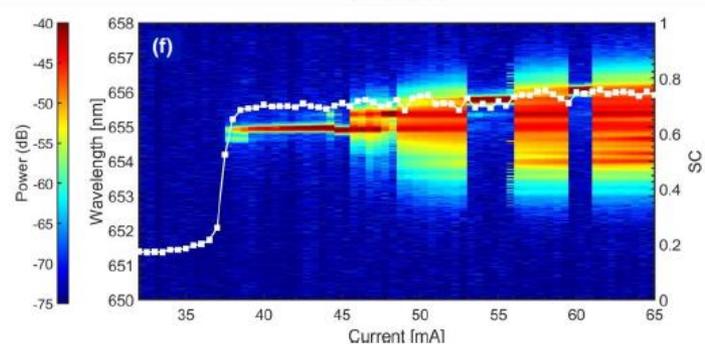
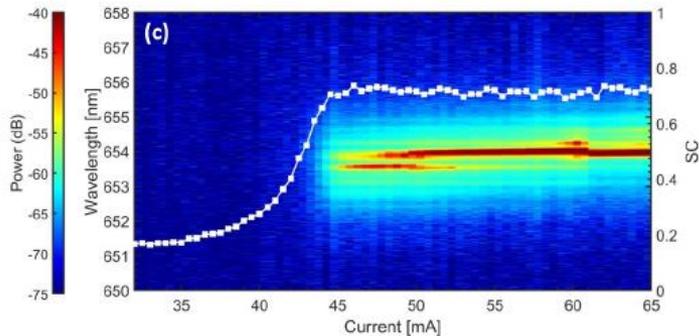


High spectral coherence but low speckle contrast

MMD

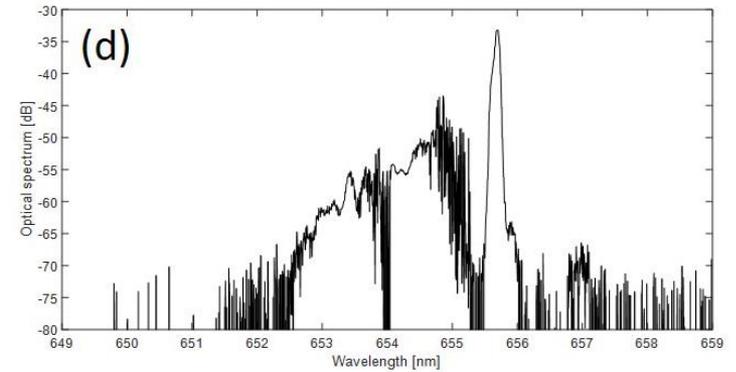
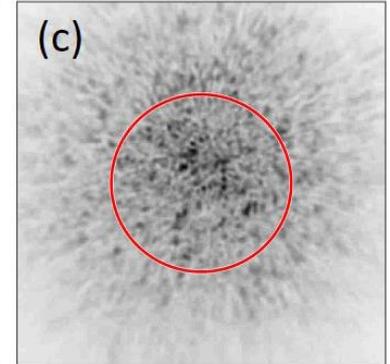
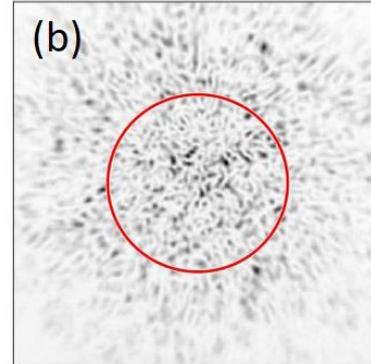
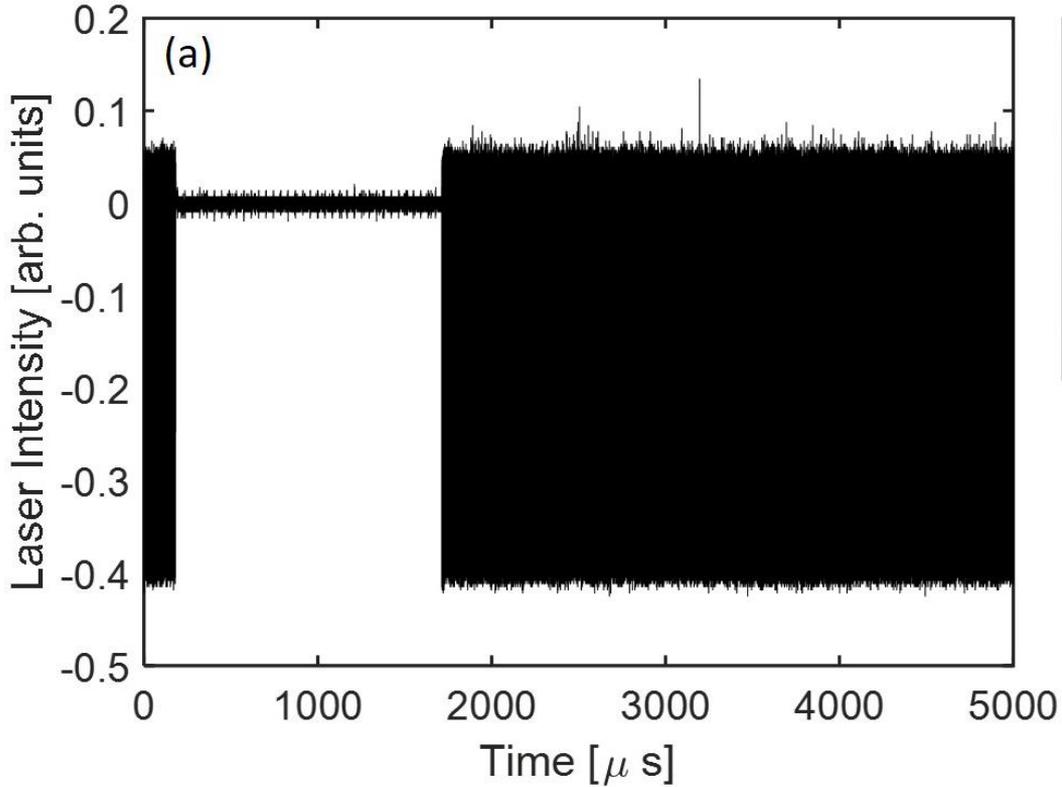


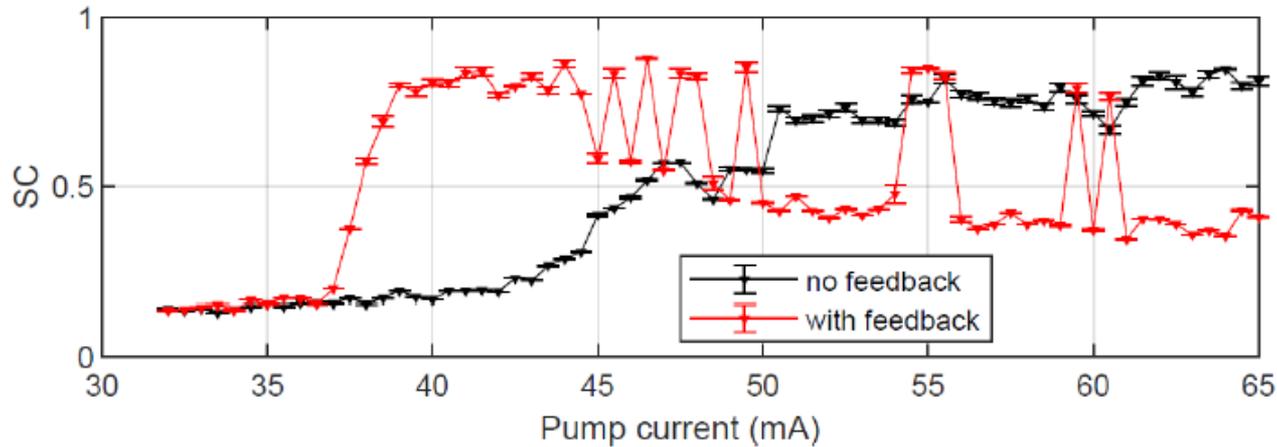
SMD



Low spectral coherence but high speckle contrast

Alternation of stable and unstable emission





Research question: can we further decrease the coherence of the laser light by direct current modulation?



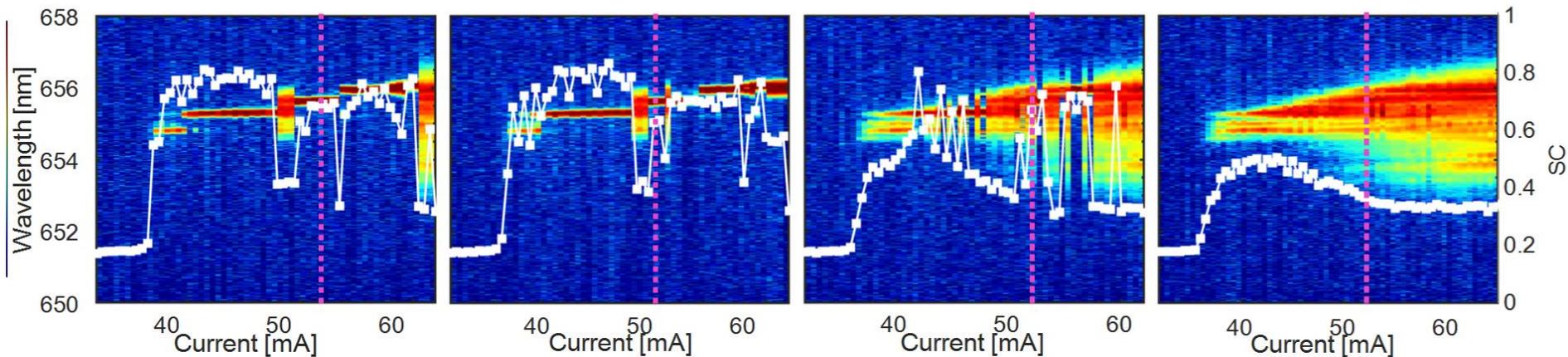
$\nu_{\text{mod}} = 1 \text{ MHz}$

No modulation

$A_{\text{mod}} = 1 \text{ mA}$

$A_{\text{mod}} = 3 \text{ mA}$

$A_{\text{mod}} = 5 \text{ mA}$



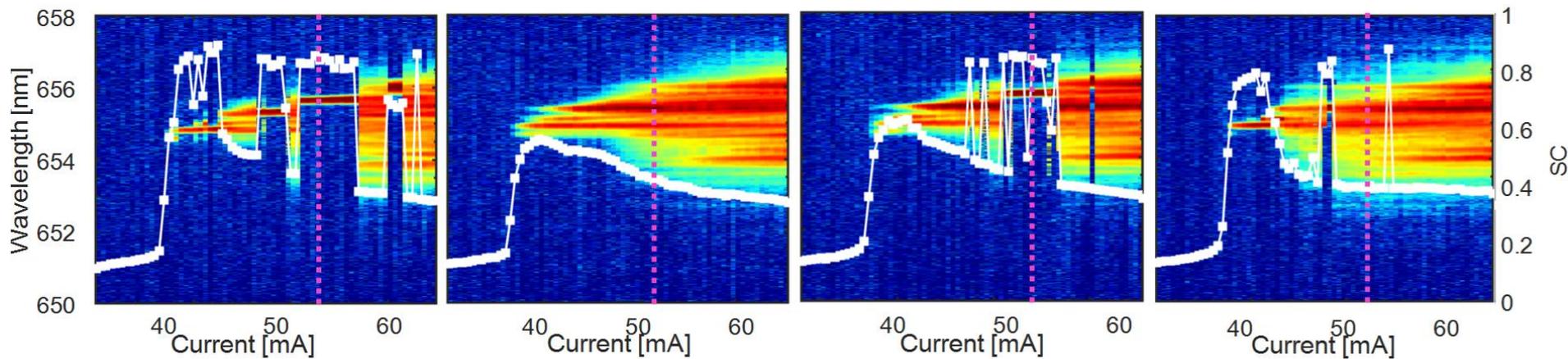
$A_{\text{mod}} = 2 \text{ mA}$

No modulation

$\nu_{\text{mod}} = 0.10 \text{ MHz}$

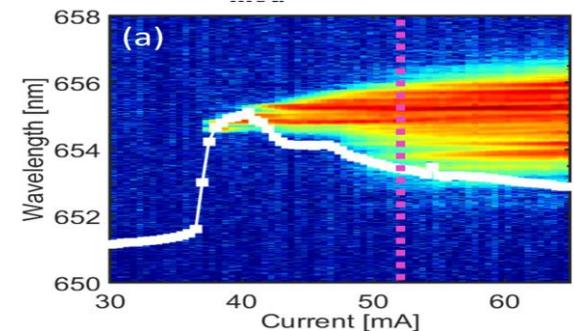
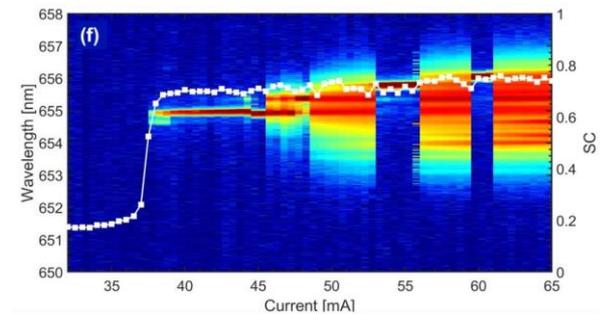
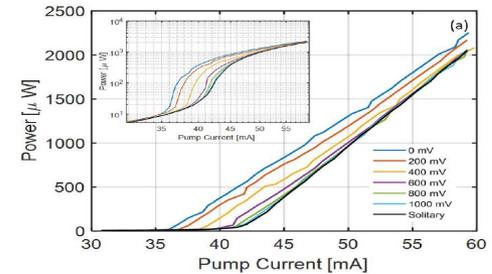
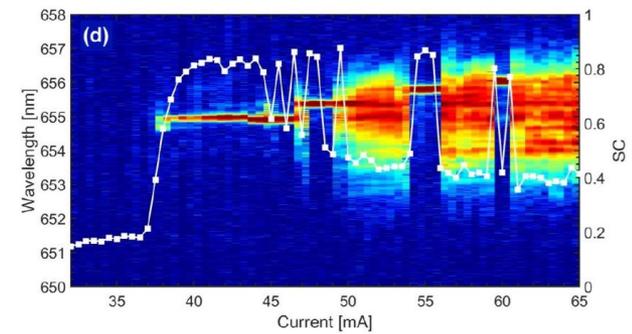
$\nu_{\text{mod}} = 1 \text{ MHz}$

$\nu_{\text{mod}} = 100 \text{ MHz}$



Take home messages

1. Strong enough optical feedback induces an abrupt transition to coherent emission—not seen in the LI curve that only reveals the threshold reduction.
2. Combining speckle and spectral analysis we differentiate feedback effects on spatial and temporal coherence.
3. Under current modulation, with appropriate parameters, the current regions where speckle contrast is high are suppressed.





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The workshop will bring together researchers working on both fundamental and applied aspects of optics and photonics to foster cross-disciplinary discussions and collaborations.

Funding, co-authors and references



Dra. Maria Duque-Gijon Dr. Jordi Tiana-Alsina

- M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, “*Abrupt transition from low-coherence to high-coherence radiation in a semiconductor laser with optical feedback,*” Optics Express 31, 3857 (2023).
- M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, “*Experimental study of spatial and temporal coherence in a semiconductor laser with optical feedback,*” Optics Express 31, 21954 (2023).
- M. Duque-Gijon, C. Masoller, J. Tiana-Alsina, “*Effect of current modulation on the coherence of a semiconductor laser with optical feedback,*” Optics Express 32, 34721 (2024).

Thank you for your attention!